

# State and Outlook for Europe's Environment Report 2020 (aka. SOER 2020)

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4<sup>th</sup> EIONET workshop on Industrial Pollution | 12/13 June 2018

# Mandate for SOER in the EEA Regulation

*‘The task of the Agency shall be [...] to publish a report on the state of, trends in, and prospects for the environment every five years supplemented by indicator reports focusing upon specific issues.’*

Article 2(h)

# SOER has a long history at the EEA

1995



**SOER 1995**

- report (151 pp) + summary
- addresses 5 EAP targets
- focus on sectoral integration

1996

1997

1998

1999



**SOER 1999**

- big report (446 pp) + summary
- addresses environmental trends
- focus on DPSIR, link between issues

2000

2001

2002

2003

2004

2005



**SOER 2005**

- bigger report (569 pp, Parts A, B & C)
- addresses air, water, land
- focus on DPSIR, core set of indicators

2006

2007

2008

2009

2010



**SOER 2010**

- several reports (Parts A, B, C + Synthesis)
- addresses 6EAP priority areas
- focus on systemic challenges

2011

2012

2013

2014

2015



**SOER 2015**

- several reports (A, B, C + Synthesis), largely web-based
- addresses 7EAP priority areas
- focus on the need for systemic transitions

2016

2017

2018

2019

2020



**SOER 2020**

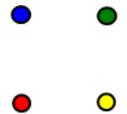
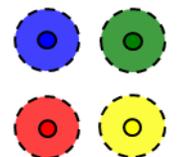
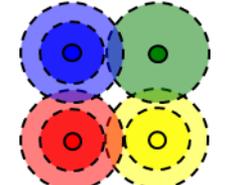
- integrated environmental assessment report (2019)
- stakeholder process (2019/2020) and Synthesis (2020)
- focus on 7EAP priority areas, sustainability prospects

# Characteristics of integrated environmental assessments

In striving to be **credible**, **salient** and **legitimate**, integrated environmental assessments aim for the following characteristics:

- (1) provide an assessment **across thematic issues**
- (2) assess issues **across geographical scales**
- (3) address the **past, present and future**
- (4) include **stakeholder perspectives**
- (5) be **multidisciplinary** in their analytical approaches
- (6) be for the benefit **for decision-making**
- (7) be **transparent** (re: values, assumptions and uncertainties)

# Evolving understanding of challenges and responses

Characterisation of key challenges	Key features	In the spotlight in	Policy approaches (examples)	Assessment approaches and tools (examples)
Specific 	linear cause-effect large (point) sources often local	1970s / 1980s (continuing today)	targeted policies and single-issue instruments	datasets, indicators
Diffuse 	cumulative causes multiple sources often regional	1980s / 1990s (continuing today)	policy integration and raising public awareness	DPSIR data sets, indicators, environmental accounts, outlooks
Systemic 	systemic causes interlinked sources often global	1990s / 2000s (continuing today)	policy coherence and systemic approaches (e.g. green economy)	DPSIR, STEEP indicators and accounts, systems analysis, foresight, stakeholder participation

# SOER 2020 overall project structure

## SOER 2020

### Integrated Assessment (2019)

- State of Europe's environment in the context of drivers and policy responses
- Sustainability prospects from the globalised production-consumption systems perspective and transitions to long-term policy goals
- 300 pages (incl. summaries), English

Stakeholder contributions, consultations

### Synthesis stakeholder interactions (2019-2020)

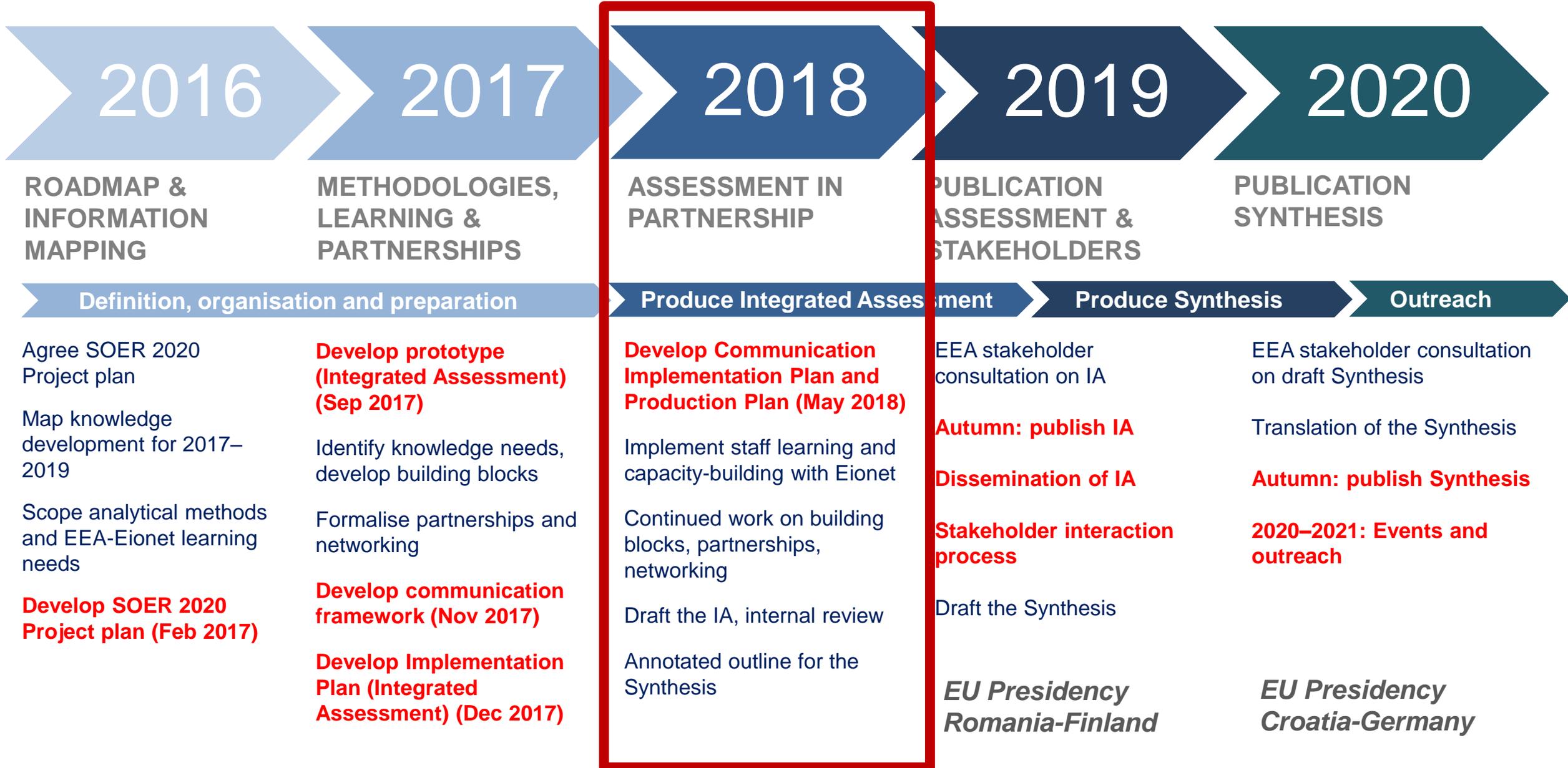
### Synthesis (2020)

- Key findings of the Integrated Assessment
- Outcomes of the stakeholder interactions
- 50 pages, English + EU languages

Stakeholder consultations



# SOER 2020 time line and milestones



# Integrated assessment (300 pages)

Part 1 Setting the scene (30 p)

Part 2 Environmental + climate trends (180 p)

Part 3 Sustainability prospects (80 p)

Part 4 Conclusions (10 p)

## Development principles

1. Matching **structure and evidence**
2. **Integrated assessment** across all sections
3. **Summary assessments** developed where feasible
4. Three overarching **integration foci**:
  - **Environment**: natural capital
  - **Economy**: resource efficient, low-carbon, circular & bio- economy
  - **People**: health, well-being, cities
5. Integration of **country information** (data, case studies)
6. Visibility of **EEA-Eionet work** in synergy with other **EU work (e.g. JRC)** and some international organisations

# Part 1: overview of foreseen contents (30 p)

- **Objective:** Presenting Europe's relevant policy frameworks and long-term sustainability goals as well as the European-global context and trends

## Chapter 1: **Europe's policy framework**

- 2020–2030–2050 (environmental acquis, Biodiversity Strategy, 7th EAP, Paris Agreement, SDGs)
- Focus on recent developments (after 2015)

## Chapter 2: The **global-European context**

- Europe is embedded in global setting
- The 'great acceleration', Planetary boundaries
- Global megatrends (synthesis, implications for Europe)
- Resilience and systemic risks



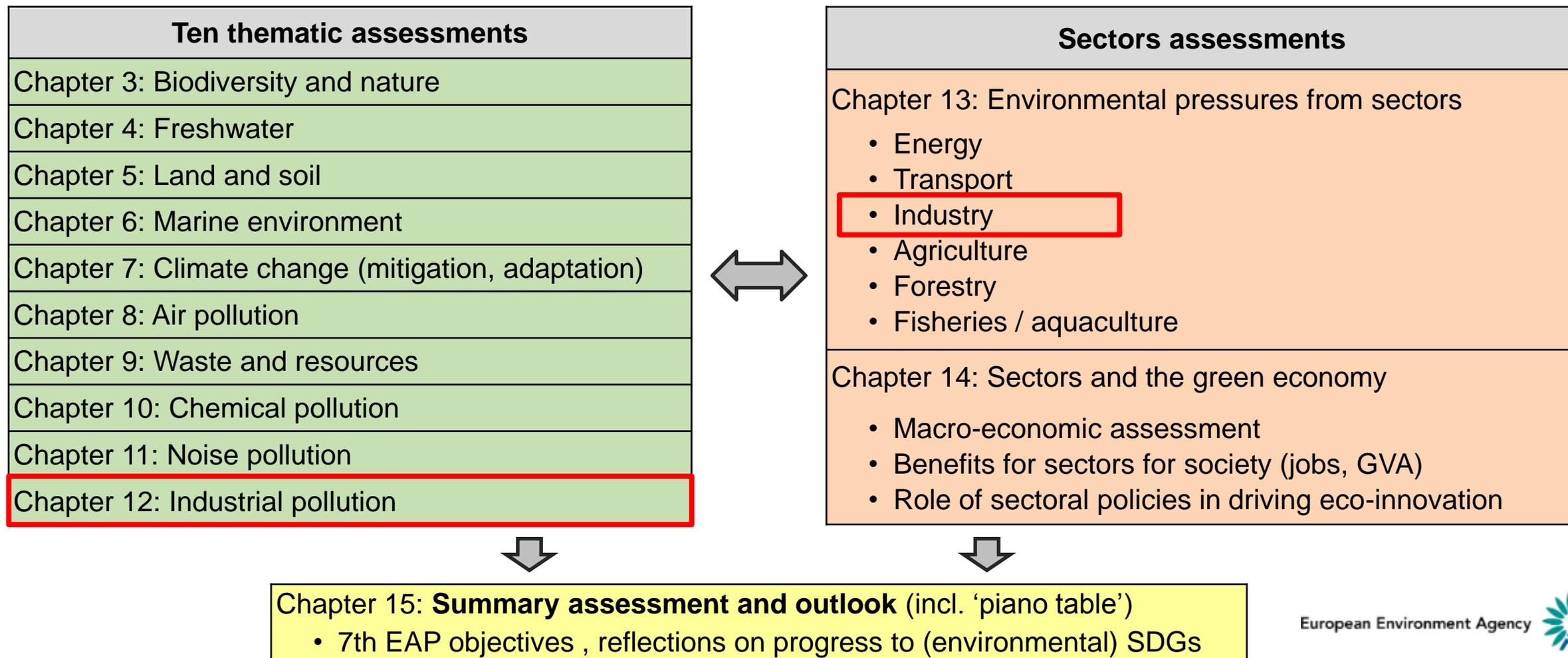
Set-up and 'prepare'  
subsequent assessments:

Part 2: focus around established policies, European territory

Part 3: focus on global dimension, systemic challenges, consumption, responses

# Part 2: overview of foreseen contents (180 p)

- **Objective:** Assessing progress to established EU environmental and climate policy goals in the 2020–2030 timeframe (2050 for climate and biodiversity)



# Part 2: structure of thematic assessments (15 pages)

Thematic summary assessment	Key messages, visualisation and explanatory text	1 p.
Scope of the theme	Why is it important?	½ p.
Policy context	Description of policy strategies, objectives, targets	1 p.
Key trends in Europe and European countries (DPSI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Driving forces, pressures, state and impacts - trends and outlooks</li><li>• At least one country comparison – quantitative + enriched with qualitative information incl. selected case studies</li></ul>	9 ½ pp.
Responses and prospects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Progress to targets analysis</li><li>• Prospects for meeting targets and longer-term sustainability objectives</li><li>• Links to other policy areas</li></ul>	3 pp.

# Part 2: thematic summary assessments

Key messages

Visualisation of past trends, outlook to 2030 and progress towards selected policy objectives/targets

Assessment of the quality of evidence

## Mock-up for a visualisation of the thematic summary assessment

	Past trends	Outlooks 2020 / 2030 (2050 when relevant)	Prospects to meet policy objectives / targets 2020 / 2030 (2050 when relevant)	Quality of evidence
<b>Waste and resources</b>				
Material resource efficiency			no targets	(‘economy’ focus)
Material use			no targets	
Waste prevention			no targets/no data	(‘environment’ focus)
Waste management			partly on track	(‘environment’ focus)

# Part 2: country level information

## Why?

- **No separate country assessments** in SOER 2020

## What?

- At least one **quantitative country comparison** per thematic assessment
- Complemented with **qualitative information** or case studies (country cases)

## How?

- **Criteria for choices:**
  - country coverage
  - timeliness
  - fit into the narrative
  - policy relevance
  - availability of underpinning explanatory analysis
- **Eionet involvement**



# Part 3: overview of foreseen contents (80 p)

- **Objective:** Assessing progress towards Europe's sustainability goals through a globalised production-consumption systems perspective, and exploring future challenges (2030 – 2050) and opportunities for systemic change

## Chapter 16: INTRODUCTION

- Need for a systems perspective: SDGs, LT policies, global

## Chapter 17: UNDERSTANDING SUSTAINABILITY CHALLENGES

- Snapshot / footprint of production and consumption
- Key systems description (energy, mobility, food), system change
- Barriers to systemic change (lock-ins, rebound, etc.)
- Interlinkages between systems (resource nexus, urban)
- Links to fiscal and financial systems
- Drivers of change (e.g. global trends, emerging issues)

## Chapter 18: RESPONDING TO SUSTAINABILITY CHALLENGES

- Systemic governance challenges, EU frameworks
- Transitions theory and implications for policy
- Steering and coordinating transitions
- Knowledge, structures, skills
- Maintaining resilience (ecosystems, social)

# Part 4: overview of foreseen contents

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- Key findings in a nutshell
- Overall summary assessment: past, present (2020 targets), future
- Reflections on key policy frameworks: CE/LCE/BE; SDGs; 8<sup>th</sup> EAP
- Knowledge: Monitoring and Reporting; Copernicus; EKC; FP9
- MFF 2021 – 2028 incl. CAP, Regional Development, Cities, FP9

# SOER 2020 Integrated Assessment: next steps

- Finalisation of annotated outlines (Parts 1, 2, 3): June/July
- Finalisation of support contracts (evidence base to underpin the assessment, in particular Part 3): June-September
- Main drafting phase: July – September
- Cross-reading within and across Parts 1, 2 and 3: October
- EEA-internal review (EEA Advisory Group, SMT): November
- Revision and Preparation for external Eionet review: December-mid-January 2019
- Developing first draft conclusions (Part 4): December-mid-January 2019
- **External Eionet review: mid-January-end-February 2019**

# Thank you